



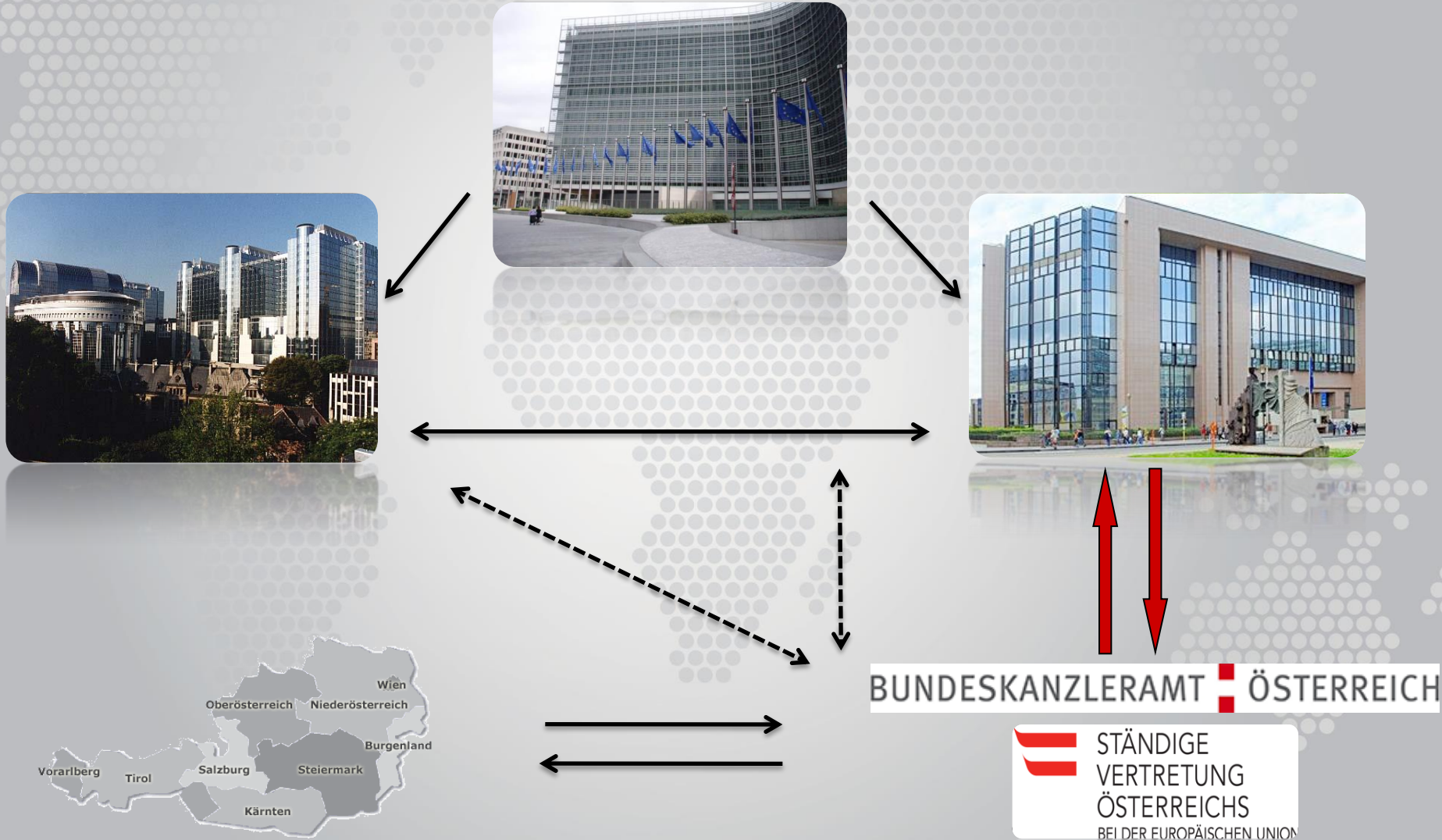
Die neue EU Jugendstrategie für die Jahre 2019-2027

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Rolle der Ratspräsidentschaft

Ratspräsidentschaft was ist das?





Unser Arbeitsplatz im Ratsgebäude

 Dänemark	 Polen
 Zypern	 Ungarn
 Irland	 Belgien
 Litauen	 Spanien
 Griechenland	 Schweden
 Italien	 Tschechische Republik
 Lettland	 Frankreich
 Luxemburg	 Slowenien
 Niederlande	 Portugal
 Slowakei	 Deutschland
 Vereinigtes Königreich	 Kroatien
 Malta	 Finnland
 Estland	 Rumänien
 Bulgarien	 Österreich

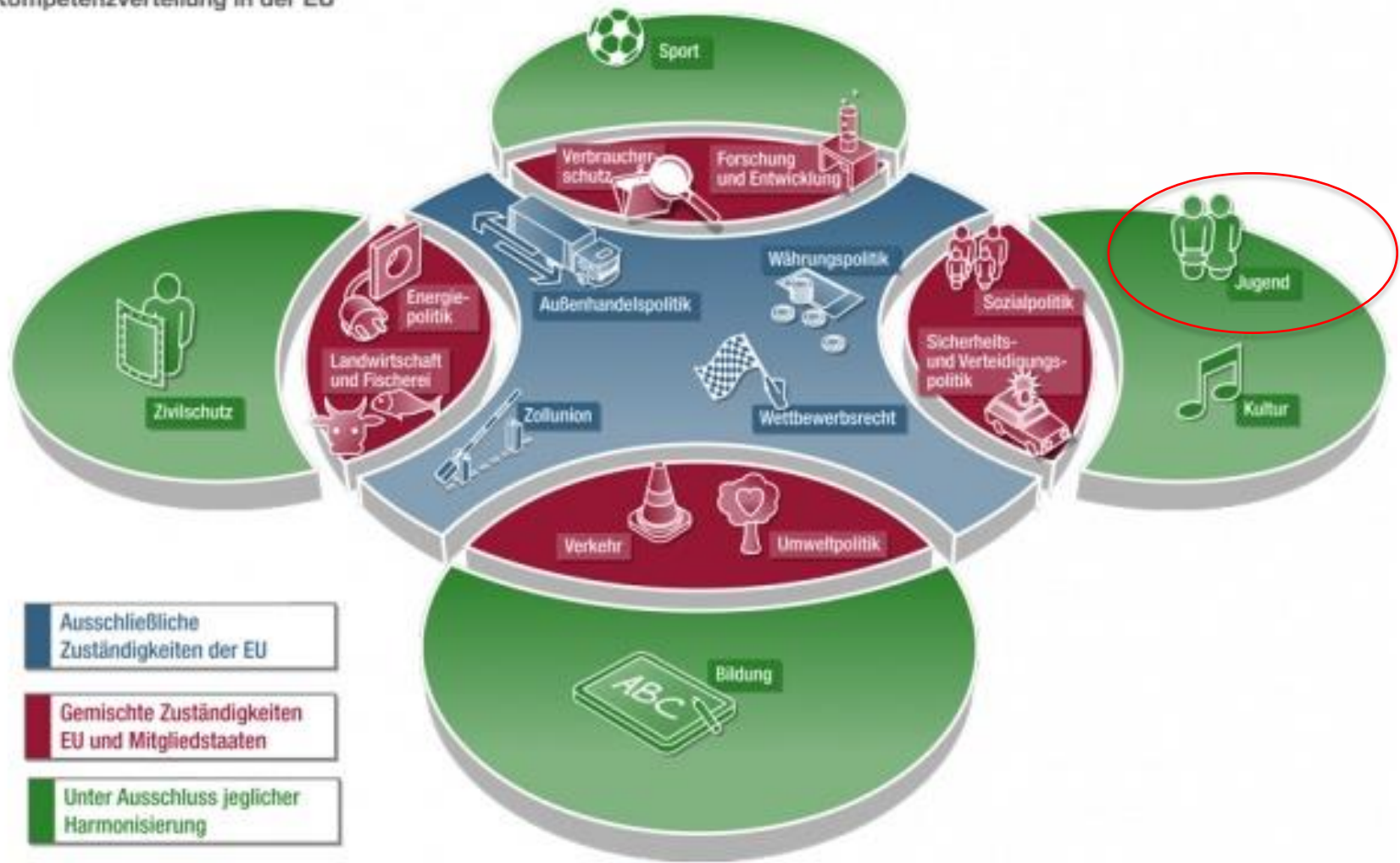
EU-RATS-
PRÄSIDENTSCHAFT



GENERAL-
SEKRETARIAT

Zuständigkeiten in der Europäischen Union

Kompetenzverteilung in der EU



EUJS- im Überblick

Vorschlag für Namen: European Union Youth Strategy 2019-2027 - Council Resolution

1.1. Blick zurück

1.2. Blick nach vorne – Ziel ist es...

**2. Rolle der Jugend – und
Warum es eine EU-JS braucht**

3.1. The overall objectives of the EU Youth Strategy

3.2. Guiding principles

3.3. Fields of action

4.1. Tackling youth-relevant issues by specific initiatives **Engage. Connect. Empower**

4.2. Working on effective, focused and joined-up implementation **across sectors**

4.3. Cooperate on the Basis of Instruments and Governance

EUJS- im Detail

@ 3.1 The overall objectives of the EU Youth Strategy

In the coming years, the strategy strives to:

- Enable young people to be **architects of their own lives, build their resilience** and equip them with life skills to cope in a changing world;
- Encourage and equip young people with the necessary resources to become **active citizens, agents of solidarity and positive change** for communities across Europe, inspired by EU values and a European identity;
- Help prevent **youth social exclusion and contribute to the eradication of youth poverty**;
- Improve the **impact of policy decisions on young people** through dialogue and addressing their needs across sectors, notably employment, education and social inclusion

EUJS- im Detail

@ 3.2 Guiding Principles

Equality and non-discrimination: combating all forms of discrimination;

Inclusion: acknowledging that young people are not a homogenous group, and thus have different needs, backgrounds, life situations and interests, the EU Youth Strategy should promote activities and policies that are inclusive of all young people, especially those with fewer opportunities.;

Participation: recognising that all young people are a resource to society. All policies and activities concerning young people should uphold young people's right to participate in the development of policies affecting them by means of a continuous dialogue with young people and youth organisations,

Dual approach: Policies that strive to improve the lives of young people can never be limited to the field of youth policy itself. ... youth-relevant issues on the one hand by specific initiatives in the youth field and on the other hand by mainstreaming initiatives across policy areas.

Global, national regional and local dimension: ... EU youth policy should be implemented with the interlinkages with regional and local levels in mind.

Flexibility and Subsidiarity

EUJS- im Detail

@ 3.3 Fields of action: European Youth Goals - a vision for Europe

The European Youth Goals (EYG) are the result of the 6th cycle of the Structured Dialogue. Developed in a participatory process www.youthgoals.eu

These **topics** are the following:

- Connecting EU with Youth
- Equality of All Genders
- Inclusive Societies
- Information & Constructive Dialogue
- Mental Health & Wellbeing
- Moving Rural Youth Forward
- Quality Employment for All
- Quality Learning
- Space and Participation for All
- Sustainable Green Europe
- Youth Organisations & European Programmes

EUJS- im Detail

@ 4.1 Engage – connect – empower

Engage

- Encourage and promote **democratic participation** of young people in society and democratic processes;
- Actively **engage** young people and youth organisations in the development, implementation and evaluation of policies affecting the lives of young people on local, regional, national and EU levels;
- Support the establishment and **development of local, regional and national youth councils**, and youth organisations, recognising young people's right to participate and self-organise. Ensure the recognition of representative youth structures and include them in the work of local, national and European authorities;
- **Support and convey the EU Youth Dialogue** in order to include diverse voices of young people in decision-making processes on all levels, and foster the **development of citizenship skills**;
- **Explore and promote the use of digital democracy tools in order to facilitate access to and engage young people**, whilst being aware that some young people do not have access to digital technologies, or the skills to use them.
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EUJS- im Detail

@ 4.1 Engage – connect – empower

connect

Within their respective fields of competence, Member States and the European Commission are invited to:

- Enable access for all young **people to cross-border mobility opportunities**, including volunteering in the solidarity sector, by eliminating obstacles, including lack of legal provisions, and implementing support measures with special attention to young people with fewer opportunities;
- Encourage young people's **engagement in solidarity**, promoting support schemes and seek complementarity and synergies between EU funding instruments and national schemes
- Actively **engage young people and youth organisations** in the design, implementation and evaluation of relevant **EU funding programmes**;
- Further work on effective systems **for validation and recognition of skills and competencies gained through non-formal education and informal learning**, including solidarity and volunteering activities, continuing the implementation of the Council Recommendation of 2012 on validation of non-formal and informal learning;

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@ 4.1 Engage – connect – empower

empower

Within their respective fields of competence, Member States and the European Commission are invited to:

- **Develop and implement a Youth Work Agenda for quality**, innovation and recognition of youth work. To untap the full potential, it is necessary to integrate the expertise of Member States researchers, youth workers and youth organisations;
- **Support and further quality youth work development on local, national and EU levels, including policy development, establishment of legal frameworks and allocation of resources;**
- **Support youth work activities on all levels, including grassroots, and recognise youth organisations as providers of competences** development and social inclusion through youth work and non-formal education activities;
- **Create youth contact points** - one-stop-shops for young people that deliver a wide range of services, including financial guidance, career guidance and support, educational and employment opportunities.

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@ Instruments

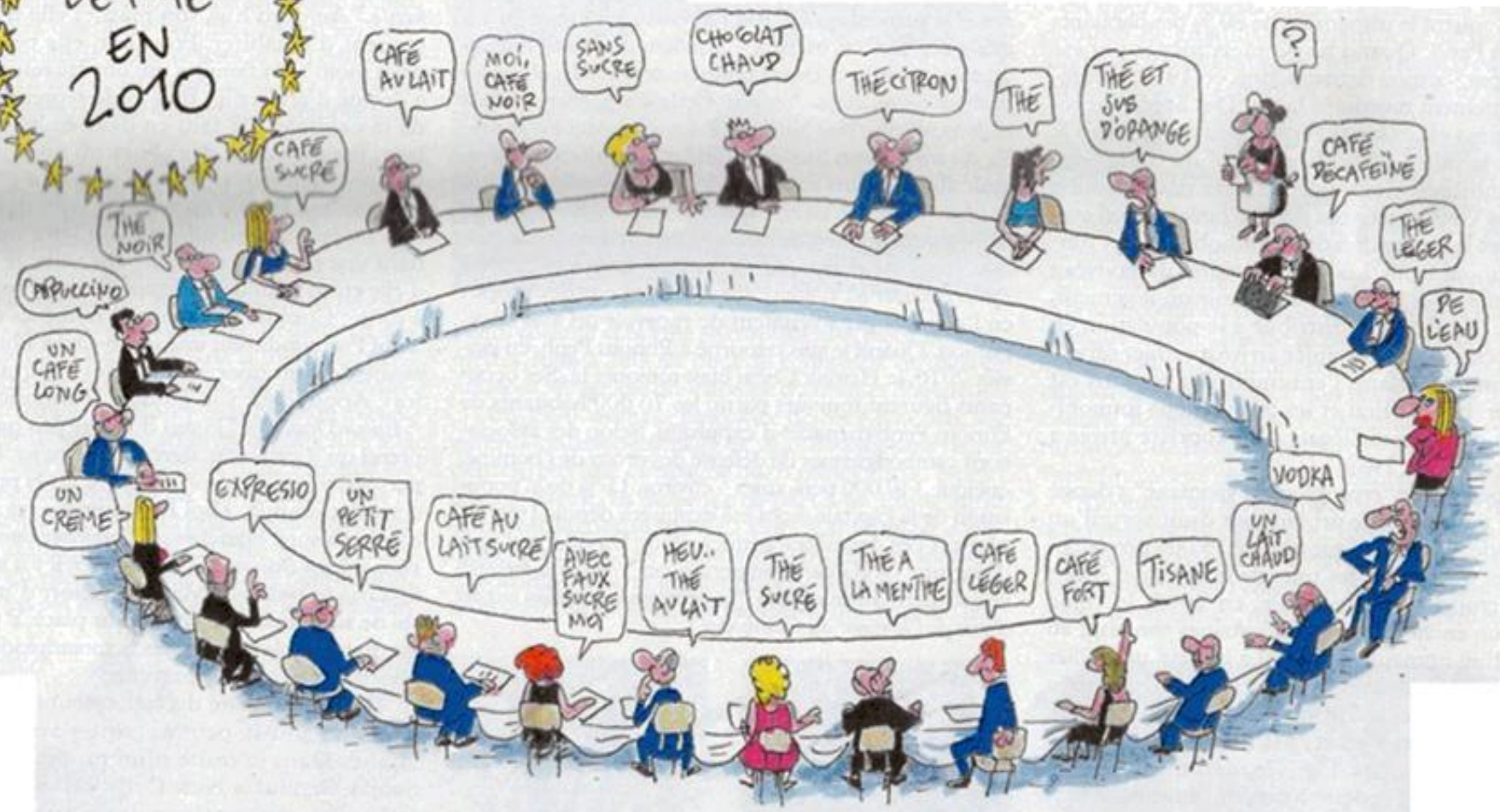
For the EU Youth Strategy to be effectively implemented across the EU and in the Member States, there is a need for concrete instruments. The following measures will be used to achieve the objectives of the EU Youth Strategy on a local, regional, national and international level:

- Evidence-based youth policy-making and knowledge building
- Mutual learning and dissemination
- Participatory governance:
- Mobilising EU programmes and funds:
- Monitoring of EU funding:
- Communicating the EU Youth Strategy:
- Monitoring, reporting, evaluation
- National Action Plans
- EU Youth Dialogue
- Youth Work Agenda:
- EU Work Plans for Youth
- Mid-term Review:

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Danke
Merci
Thank You
Grazie
Gracias
Hvala
Kösönöm
Paldies
Obrigado
Tak
Kiittää
Ευχαριστώ
Tack

Ihre Fragen?

Danke
Merci
Thank You
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Tack

Vielen Dank

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